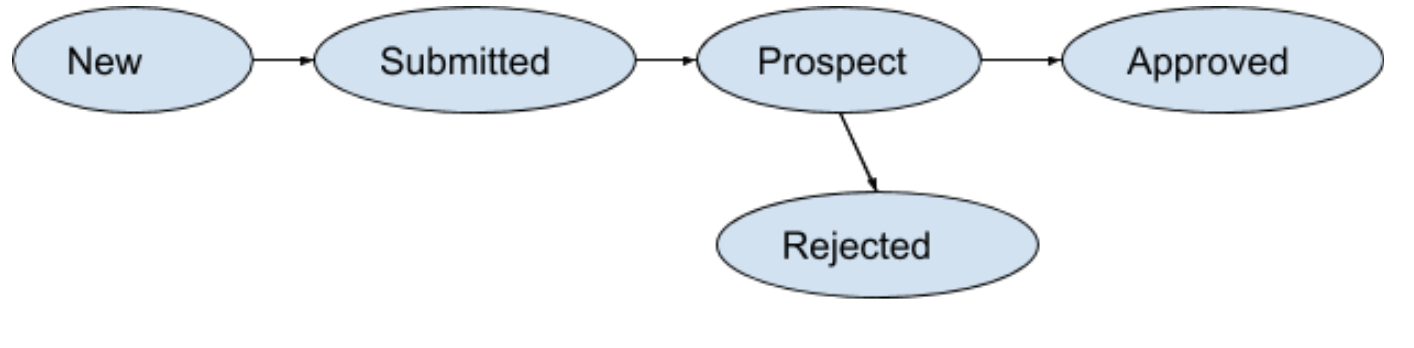
An object’s state transition diagram is like this



Given a table with this schema that stores the above

ProjectID (Number) PK

ProjectName (string)

State (Number) PK

StateEntryTime (DateTime)

A given project may have gone through multiple states and as a result have multiple states stored with a different StateEntryTime.

Q1) Write a query to get the following

How many projects in each of the above states at its current final state.

New -- ??

Submitted -- ??

Prospect --??

Approved -- ??

Rejected -- ??

**ANSWER:**

***// Pick the item with latest StateEntryTime for each ProjectID***

SELECT State,COUNT(T1.ProjectID) as StateCount

FROM MOCK\_DATA T1

INNER JOIN (

SELECT ProjectID, MAX(StateEntryTime) as MaxDate

FROM MOCK\_DATA

GROUP BY ProjectID

) T2 ON T1.StateEntryTime = T2.MaxDate

GROUP BY State

;

**// Can further add this ORDER BY with CASE clauses to produce State in order**

ORDER BY

CASE when State="Rejected" Then 5 END,

CASE when State="Approved" Then 4 END,

CASE when State="Prospect" Then 3 END,

CASE when State="Submitted" Then 2 END,

CASE when State="New" Then 1 END

;

**OUTPUT:**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **State** | **StateCount** |
| New | 10 |
| Submitted | 3 |
| Prospect | 1 |
| Approved | 4 |
| Rejected | 2 |

Q2) How would you **simplify** the query if only Approved and Rejected are needed ?

Approved -- ??

Rejected -- ??

**ANSWER:**

SELECT State, COUNT(ProjectID) as Count

FROM MOCK\_DATA

WHERE State="Approved" OR State="Rejected"

GROUP BY State

;

***// If there are multiple distinct types its preferable to use IN clause***

SELECT State, COUNT(ProjectID) as Count

FROM MOCK\_DATA

WHERE State IN ("Rejected", "Approved")

GROUP BY State

;

**OUTPUT:**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **State** | **Count** |
| Approved | 4 |
| Rejected | 2 |

Q3) Write a query to get the following result

ID New Submitted Prospect Approved Rejected

1 2019-01-01 2019-01-11 2019-01-21 2019-01-31

2 2019-03-03 2019-04-05 2019-04-06 2019-04-10

3 2019-04-04 2019-04-04 2019-04-05

4 2019-05-18 2019-05-20

5 2019-05-21

**ANSWER:**

*-- Using PIVOT function from SQL Server*

SELECT

ProjectID,

isnull(CAST([New] AS varchar),''),

isnull(CAST([Submitted] AS varchar),''),

isnull(CAST([Prospect] AS varchar),''),

isnull(CAST([Approved] AS varchar),''),

isnull(CAST([Rejected] AS varchar),'')

FROM MOCK\_DATA

PIVOT (

MAX (StateEntryTime)

FOR State

IN (New, Submitted, Prospect, Approved, Rejected)

)

AS PIVOTTABLE

ORDER BY ProjectID

;

**OUTPUT:**

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **ProjectID** | **New** | **Submitted** | **Prospect** | **Approved** | **Rejected** |
| 1 | 1999-11-29 | 2017-04-17 | 1998-01-18 |  | 2003-04-11 |
| 2 | 2010-01-08 | 2003-07-22 | 2011-03-17 | 2009-02-08 |  |
| 3 | 2004-11-10 | 2002-03-11 | 2002-08-09 |  |  |
| 4 | 1999-10-08 | 2015-08-14 |  |  |  |
| 5 | 1996-03-03 |  |  |  |  |
| 6 | 1997-07-09 | 2002-07-10 | 2005-07-03 |  |  |
| 7 | 2004-11-09 | 2012-07-23 | 2012-02-22 |  | 2007-01-20 |
| 8 | 2003-12-22 | 2003-06-21 | 2001-10-12 | 2000-10-23 |  |

*-- Using CASE statements from MySQL*

SELECT

ProjectID as ID,

CASE when State="New" Then StateEntryTime ELSE "" END as New,

CASE when State="Submitted" Then StateEntryTime ELSE "" END as Submitted,

CASE when State="Prospect" Then StateEntryTime ELSE "" END as Prospect,

CASE when State="Approved" Then StateEntryTime ELSE "" END as Approved,

CASE when State="Rejected" Then StateEntryTime ELSE "" END as Rejected

FROM (

SELECT ProjectID, State, StateEntryTime

FROM MOCK\_DATA

) as S\_Count

;

**OUTPUT:**

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **ID** | **New** | **Submitted** | **Prospect** | **Approved** | **Rejected** |
| 1 | 1999-11-29 |  |  |  |  |
| 1 |  | 2017-04-17 |  |  |  |
| 1 |  |  | 1998-01-18 |  |  |
| 1 |  |  |  |  | 2003-04-11 |
| 2 | 2010-01-08 |  |  |  |  |
| 2 |  | 2003-07-22 |  |  |  |
| 2 |  |  | 2011-03-17 |  |  |
| 2 |  |  |  | 2009-02-08 |  |

Q4) Given a table with 4 cols (Emp\_id, emp\_name, date\_of\_joining, dept\_id)

1. write a query to show the number of employees in each department that have more than 50 employees sorted desc on biggest size of employees.

**ANSWER:**

SELECT dept\_id, COUNT(Emp\_id) AS "Employee Count"

FROM table\_name

GROUP BY dept\_id

HAVING COUNT(dept\_id) > 50

ORDER BY COUNT(dept\_id) DESC;

**OUTPUT:**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **dept\_id** | **Employee Count** |
| 3 | 18 |
| 4 | 10 |
| 2 | 10 |
| 1 | 8 |

// In output above COUNT(dept\_id) > 5 was used

1. Generate a serial number for this result set as part of the query

**ANSWER:**

**// Using variables in MySQL**

SET @row\_number = 0;

SELECT

(@row\_number:=@row\_number + 1) AS `Serial #`,

dept\_id AS `Department ID`,

`Employee Count`

FROM (

SELECT dept\_id, COUNT(Emp\_id) AS `Employee Count`

FROM MOCK\_DATA\_2

GROUP BY dept\_id

HAVING COUNT(dept\_id) > 50

ORDER BY COUNT(dept\_id) DESC

) as R

**OUTPUT:**

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Serial #** | **Department ID** | **Employee Count** |
| 3 | 3 | 18 |
| 4 | 2 | 10 |
| 2 | 4 | 10 |
| 5 | 1 | 8 |
| 1 | 5 | 4 |

**// Using row\_number() function in SQL Server**

*-- Using SQL Server*

SELECT

ROW\_NUMBER() OVER(ORDER BY dept\_id DESC) AS Serial\_No,

dept\_id AS DepartmentID,

EmployeeCount

FROM (

SELECT dept\_id, COUNT(Emp\_id) AS EmployeeCount

FROM MOCK\_DATA\_2

GROUP BY dept\_id

HAVING COUNT(dept\_id) > 2

) as R

ORDER BY EmployeeCount DESC

;

**OUTPUT:**

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Serial\_No** | **DepartmentID** | **EmployeeCount** |
| 3 | 3 | 18 |
| 4 | 2 | 10 |
| 2 | 4 | 10 |
| 5 | 1 | 8 |
| 1 | 5 | 4 |

1. The records now have a **repeated field called Project, Role** where both are enums. Enhance the query to find only those departments where number of managers is more than 10.

For example, Employee Yvonne, ITdept, SalesProject:Developer, OrderProject:Analyst, QuotingProject:Manager.

Table Emp:

* Emp\_id,
* name,
* date\_of\_joining,
* Dept\_id,
* ProjectRoleEnum
  + Project,
  + Role

**ANSWER:**

**// Video for BigQuery Nested and Repeated Fields**

// <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=STo98QUKDS8>

// <https://cloud.google.com/bigquery/docs/legacy-nested-repeated>

**Given Table Example:**

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Row** | **Emp\_id** | **name** | **date\_of\_joining** | **Dept\_id** | **ProjectRoleEnum.Project** | **ProjectRoleEnum.Role** |
| 1 | 1 | Yvonne | 2000-12-01 | 123 | Sales | Develepor |
|  |  |  |  | Order | Analyst |
|  |  |  |  | Quoting | Manager |

**After Unnesting:**

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Row** | **Emp\_id** | **name** | **date\_of\_joining** | **Dept\_id** | **ProjectRoleEnum.Project** | **ProjectRoleEnum.Role** |
| 1 | 1 | Yvonne | 2000-12-01 | 123 | Sales | Develepor |
| 2 | 1 | Yvonne | 2000-12-01 | 123 | Order | Analyst |
| 3 | 1 | Yvonne | 2000-12-01 | 123 | Quoting | Manager |

SELECT Dept\_id, Count(\*) AS ManagerCount

FROM (

SELECT Dept\_id, Role

FROM MOCK\_DATA\_4C

CROSS JOIN UNNEST(ProjectRoleEnum) as ProjectRoleEnum

)

WHERE Role = "Manager"

GROUP BY Dept\_id

Having Count(\*) > 10

;

**OUTPUT:**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Dept\_id** | **ManagerCount** |
| 10 | 24 |
| 7 | 20 |
| 3 | 19 |
| 4 | 18 |
| 11 | 12 |

// Above output is NOT tested on BigQuery

Q5) Given two tables:

Table 1: Projects (Project\_ID, Manager, Project\_Name, Status)

Table 2: ProjectsRisks (Project\_ID, Risk\_Name, Date)

Write a query that lists each manager with their latest risk per project.

**ANSWER:**

***Assumptions:***

* A manager can have several projects under him.
* The solution picks the latest RISK\_NAME for EACH Manager.
* Only one project is picked for every manager which has the latest RISK date.

SELECT Manager, Project\_Name, Risk\_Name, MAX(Date) as Latest\_Risk

FROM ProjectsRisks sub2

INNER JOIN Projects ON sub2.Project\_ID = Projects.Project\_ID

GROUP BY Manager

ORDER BY Date DESC

;

**OUTPUTS:**

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Manager** | **Project\_Name** | **Risk\_Name** | **Latest\_Risk** |
| Tally Ismail | Holdlamis | Black and white colobus | 2015-08-31 |
| Danit Fausch | Transcof | Squirrel, smith's bush | 2014-01-19 |
| Dianna Stanistrete | Namfix | Southern ground hornbill | 2015-11-11 |
| Weider McCloughlin | Bitchip | Stanley crane | 2016-11-28 |
| Julian Duferie | Fixflex | Crab, sally lightfoot | 2000-12-17 |